

RuDy

Perform like a ~~Rock~~ Star
Rock

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Euruko 2009 :: Barcelona



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Let the routers melt!

slides @

<http://tinyurl.com/euruko-rudy>

Is your language
a Rock Star?



(Lisp)



(COBOL)

Metal!

But we want performance.

Even Matz wants performance.

We want Metal, or at least close to.

What Metal Star
your language is?



C



C++



Assembler



Pascal



D

There are many flavors of metal

Let's have an overview

The main problem with
writing extensions for Ruby?

C

Switching from Ruby to C hurts

Ruby:

- Object-Oriented
- GC
- namespaces
- dynamic arrays
- hashes, strings
- unit testing
- exceptions
- poor performance

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Ruby:

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C:

- structs at most
- malloc, free
- only global or scope
- static only
- ???
- ???
- segmentation fault
- good performance

Why not use C++?

And why don't you?

Popularity of writing extensions in
C++ speaks for itself.

C++: A Classic Quote

The good news is that in 1995 we will have a good operating system and programming language; the bad news is that they will be Unix and C++.

Richard P. Gabriel, 1991

(<http://naggum.no/worse-is-better.html>)



Yeah, I don't like C++.

But what are our options when
we don't want crudeness of C
and awkwardness of C++?

D

D?

A language that C++ could have
been, should have been but will
never be.

Why D is cool

- New and young (1.0: Jan 2007)
- Compiles to machine code, C++ performance
- features inspired by Ruby, Python, Java
- binary-linkable with C (both ways)



(a few) features of D

- Java-like OOP (single inheritance, interfaces)
- templates, mixins
- reflection and meta-programming
- dynamic arrays, hashmaps, strings
- GC
- exceptions with scopes
- unit tests

So how do I write
Ruby extension in D?

use

RuDy



<http://github.com/tomash/rudy>

inspired by Pyd (pyd.dsource.org)
from Python world

What's so cool about RuDy?

bindings (on steroids): write extensions like you would in C

```
#include "ruby.h"
VALUE t_init(VALUE self)
{
    VALUE arr;
    arr = rb_ary_new();
    rb_iv_set(self, "@arr", arr);
    return self;
}
```

C

```
void Init_1()
{
    VALUE klass = rb_define_class("SomeClass", rb_cObject);
    rb_define_method(klass, "initialize", t_init, 0);
}
```

```
module rudy.test1;
import bcd.ruby;
```

```
extern (C) VALUE t_init();
extern (C) VALUE t_init(VALUE self)
{
    VALUE arr;
    arr = rb_ary_new();
    rb_iv_set(self, "@arr", arr);
    return self;
}
```

D

```
extern (C) void Init_1()
{
    VALUE klass = rb_define_class("SomeClass", rb_cObject);
    rb_define_method(klass, "initialize", &t_init, 0);
}
```

Just bindings?

Hell no.

Even despite they'd be enough
by bringing D to Ruby world.

Converting to Ruby Value

Different conversion code depending on type?
Why?

```
VALUE rb_int2inum _((long));  
#define INT2NUM(v) rb_int2inum(v)  
#define LONG2NUM(v) INT2NUM(v)  
#define rb_int_new(v) rb_int2inum(v)  
VALUE rb_uint2inum _((unsigned long));  
#define UINT2NUM(v) rb_uint2inum(v)  
#define ULONG2NUM(v) UINT2NUM(v)  
#define rb_uint_new(v) rb_uint2inum(v)  
...  
VALUE rb_float_new (double);  
VALUE rb_fix2str (VALUE, int);  
..  
VALUE rb_str_new _((const char*, long));  
VALUE rb_str_new2 _((const char*));  
VALUE rb_str_new3 _((VALUE));  
VALUE rb_str_new4 _((VALUE));  
VALUE rb_str_new5 _((VALUE, const char*, long));
```

C

```
to_ruby_value(true);  
to_ruby_value(null);  
to_ruby_value(2009);  
to_ruby_value(20.0);  
to_ruby_value("euruko");  
to_ruby_value("array", "of", "strings");  
float[char[]] h;  
h["registry"] = 20.0;  
h["plane"] = 165.5;  
to_ruby_value(h);
```

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Converting from Ruby value to native type?

Can you remember all the methods from API?

```
VALUE rb_str_to_str _((VALUE));
VALUE rb_string_value _((volatile VALUE*));
char *rb_string_value_ptr _((volatile VALUE*));
char *rb_string_value_cstr _((volatile VALUE*));
#define StringValue(v) rb_string_value(&(v))
#define StringValuePtr(v) rb_string_value_ptr(&(v))
#define StringValueCStr(v) rb_string_value_cstr(&(v))
...
#define R_CAST(st) (struct st*)
#define RBASIC(obj) (R_CAST(RBasic)(obj))
#define ROBJECT(obj) (R_CAST(RObject)(obj))
#define RCLASS(obj) (R_CAST(RClass)(obj))
#define RMODULE(obj) RCLASS(obj)
#define RFLOAT(obj) (R_CAST(RFloat)(obj))
#define RSTRING(obj) (R_CAST(RString)(obj))
...
long rb_num2long _((VALUE));
unsigned long rb_num2ulong _((VALUE));
long rb_num2int _((VALUE));
#define NUM2INT(x) (FIXNUM_P(x)?FIX2INT(x):rb_num2int(x))
long rb_fix2int _((VALUE));
#define FIX2INT(x) rb_fix2int((VALUE)x)
unsigned long rb_num2uint _((VALUE));
#define NUM2UINT(x) rb_num2uint(x)
unsigned long rb_fix2uint _((VALUE));
```

C

RuDy

```
int n = d_type!(int)(obj);
double f = d_type!(double)(obj);
char[] s = d_type!(char[])(obj);
bool b = d_type!(bool)(obj);
```

How about some nice wrapping?

for true OOP and convenient operator overload?

Well, there's RudyObject

C

```
VALUE val1 = to_ruby_value("euruko2009");  
VALUE val2 = to_ruby_value("euruko2008");  
int res = rb_equal(val1, val2);  
return res != 0;
```

RuDy

```
auto val1 = new RudyObject(to_ruby_value("euruko2009"));  
auto val2 = new RudyObject(to_ruby_value("euruko2008"));  
return val1 == val2;
```

Defining functions in Ruby...

...could use some love as well!

```
C VALUE c = rb_const_get(rb_cObject, rb_intern("SomeClass"));  
  rb_define_method(c, "my_method", &my_method, 0);  
  VALUE m = rb_const_get(rb_cObject, rb_intern("SomeModule"));  
  rb_define_module_function(m, "my_method", &my_method, 0);
```

```
RuDy def! ("SomeClass", my_method);  
      def! ("SomeModule", my_method);
```

(RuDy still needs some development here)

What is your wish?

"Combine the above:

I'd like to have

my function taking and ret'ing native D types,
arguments converted Ruby->D,
return value converted D->Ruby,
defined by `def!("Scope",my_method);`
all automagically".

Possible? **Yes**, it's in PyD.

Here yet? **Nope**, but in weeks to come.

Any other wish?

"I'd like to have D class
being exposed fully to Ruby
with `def!(MyClass)`
with its public methods wrapped
by `def!(method)` described above."

It's in PyD, it's coming to RuDy.

About to come to RuDy near you

D function/delegate converted by `to_ruby_value`
to callable Ruby Proc/lambda

Sensible build system (D-aware extconf)

Wished-for features

(and some fellow developers, I hope ;)

Where can I get it?

code: **<http://github.com/tomash/rudy>**

contact me: <http://tomash.wrug.eu>

note:

RuDy is far from 1.0

Features described above are fully working
and covered with unit tests,
but RuDy still needs a lot of work
(on the new wished features ;)

Before you start hacking...

Remember the
rules of Metal!

\m/

Thank you!



Q&A time?